

XMBLY | DESIGN REVIEW COMMITTEE 5 MIDDLESEX AVENUE | SOMERVILLE, MA

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT PRELIMINARY MASTER PLAN (PUD-PMP) | 05.09.18





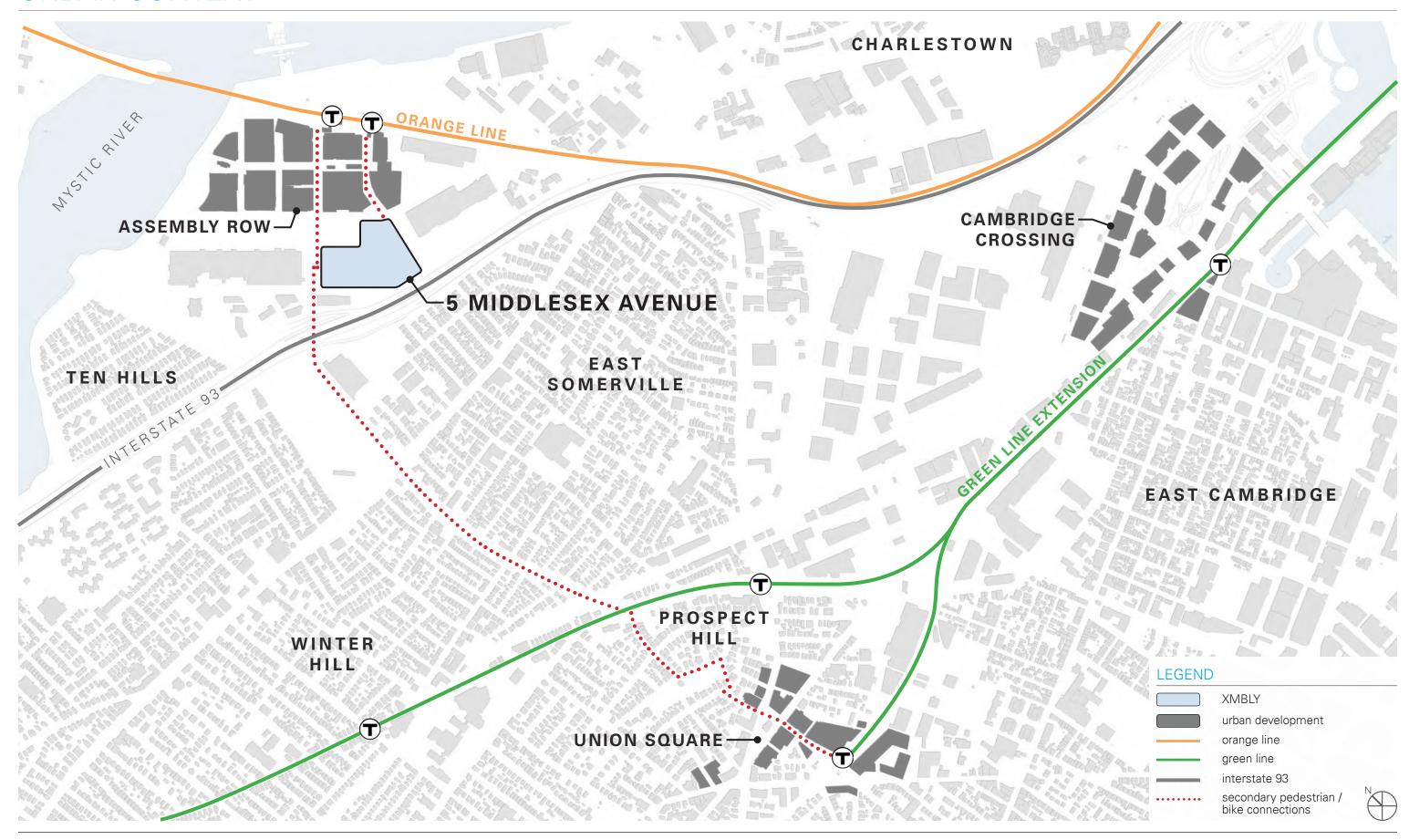








URBAN CONTEXT









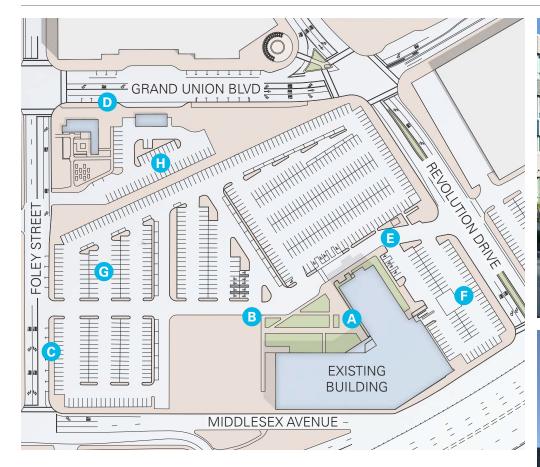
EXISTING AERIAL CONDITIONS







EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS



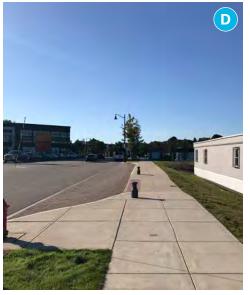


- B | Current landscape at existing building
- C | Sidewalk at Foley Street
- D | Existing bus drop-off at Grand Union Boulevard
- E | View at exsiting parking log
- F | View at existing side parking lot towarss Assembly
- G | View at existing partking towards Storage Building
- H | View at existing parking towards existing building























DESIGN PRINCIPLES

OPEN SPACE

A publicly accessible green space is located at the center of the site and is intended to foster opportunities for active gathering and community events. This open space will serve as a signature component to the XMBLY development and will promote connectivity to the active uses at the ground levels of the proposed buildings. This 48,000 SF space will serve as a public amenity and can be programmed to support a variety of uses and events in the district.

CONNECTIVITY

The site is organized into three urban blocks which are consistent with the scale of the adjacent development at Assembly Row. The street layout is organized to accommodate future connections to the adjacent retail parcels (to the north and south of the site) to extend the urban fabric that has been established at Assembly Row. The hierarchy of the proposed streets are intended to re-establish the urban grid while emphasizing walkability and connections to transit.

MIXED-USE PROGRAM

The proposed development offers a mix of uses to foster a vibrant livework-play environment. A major portion of the site's program is intended to support multi-family residential, commercial office, life sciences and R+D uses. At the ground level, retail and active uses are planned to encourage a vibrant pedestrian environment at the base of the proposed buildings.













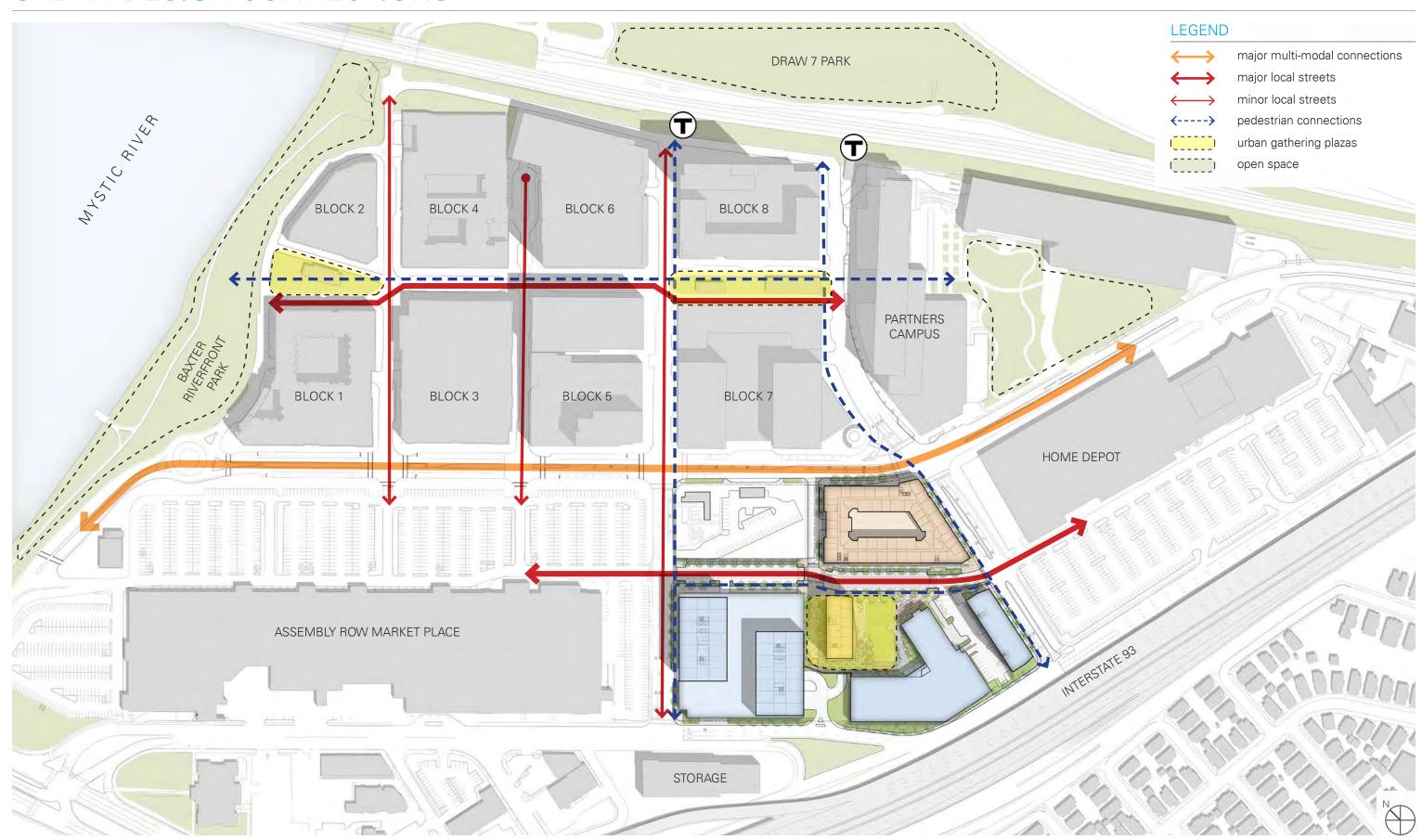








URBAN DESIGN CONNECTIONS

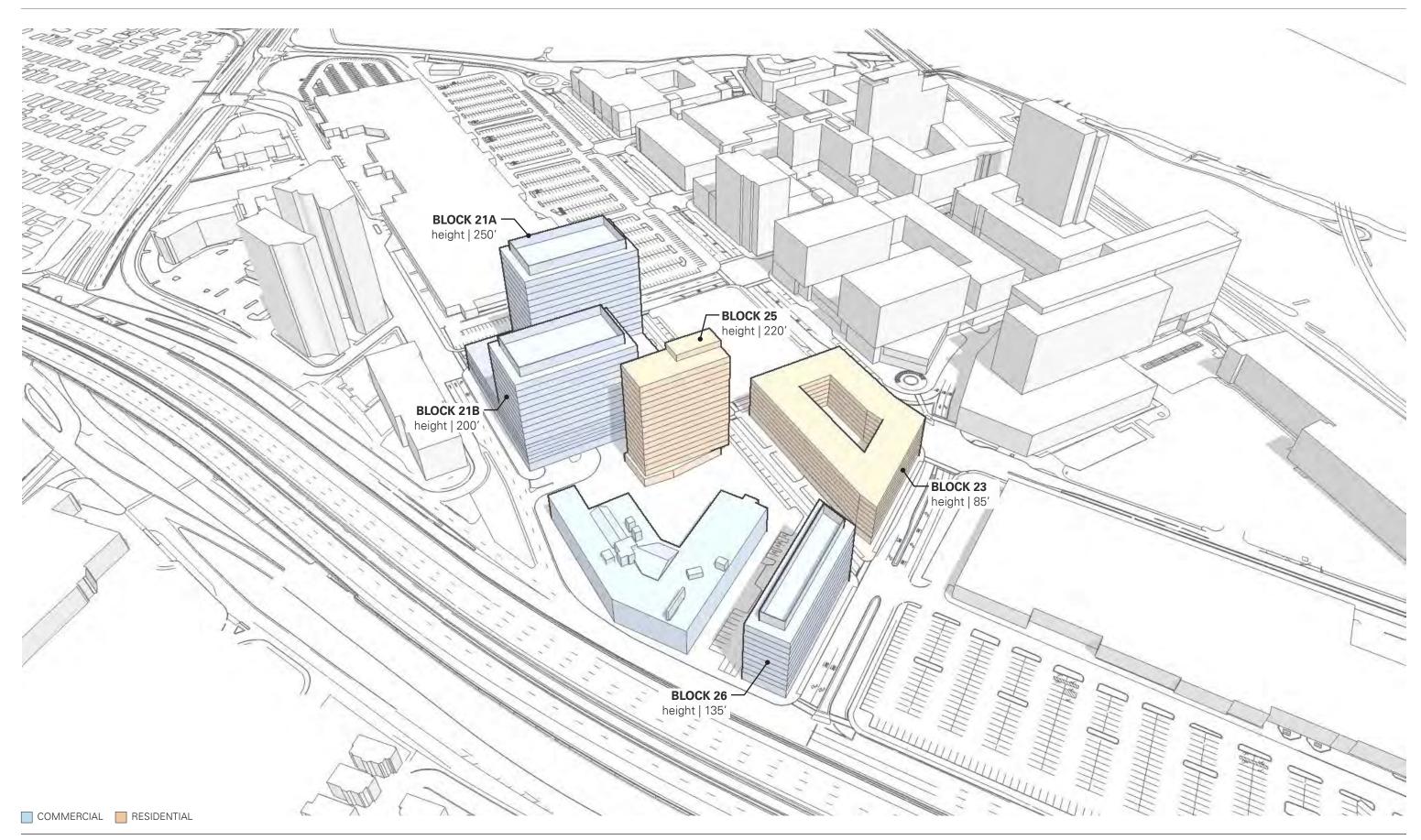








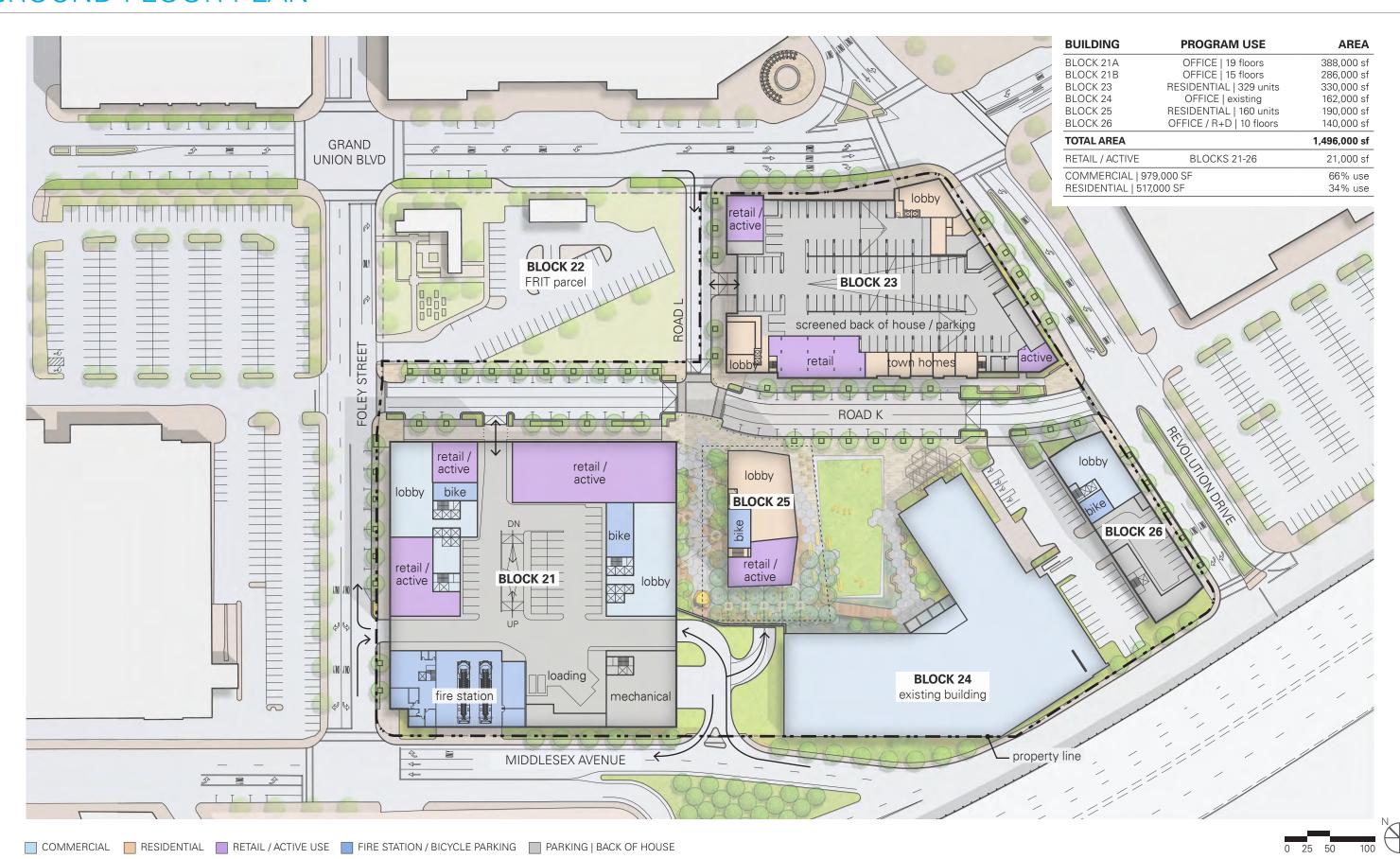
SITE MASSING DIAGRAM











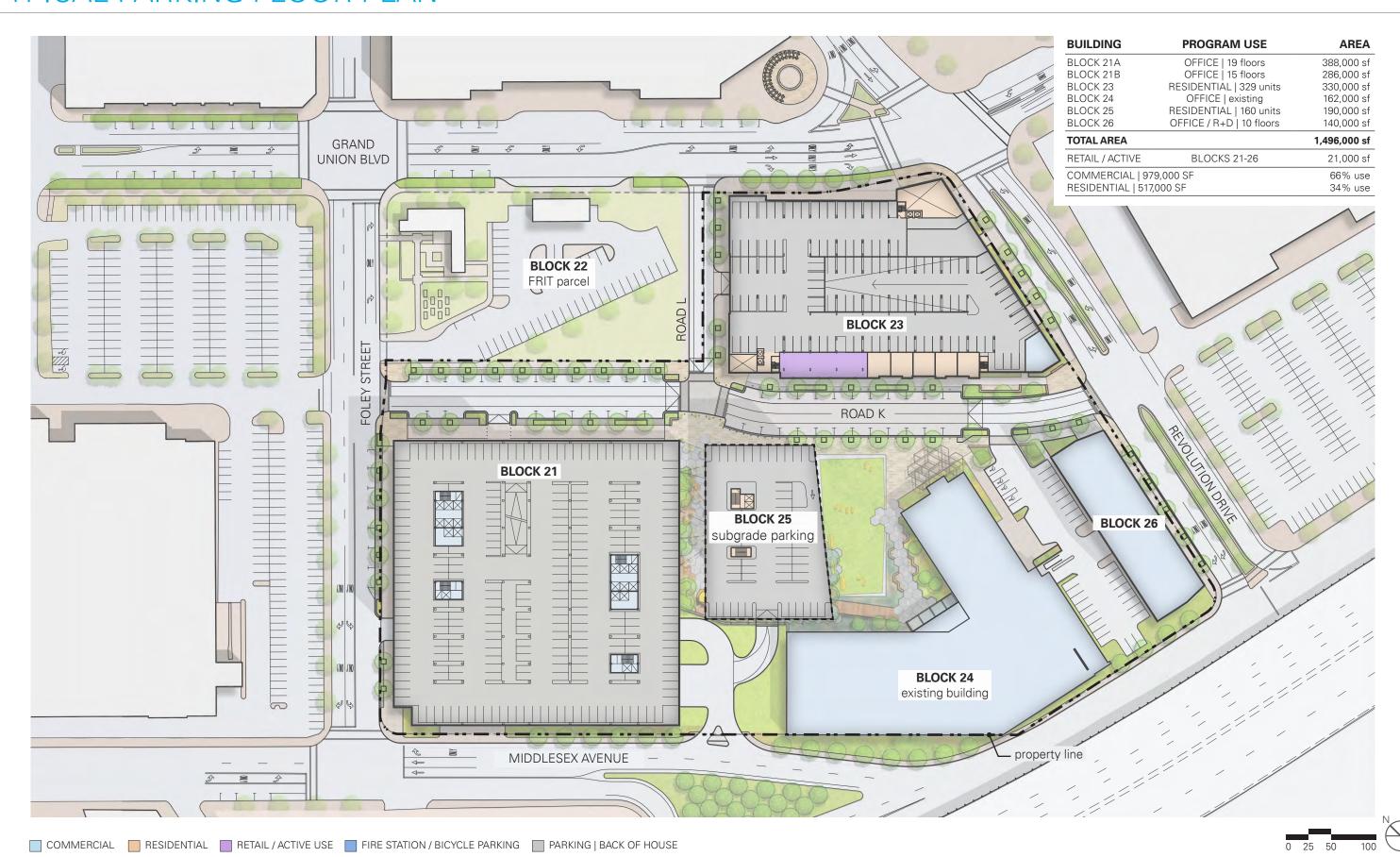








TYPICAL PARKING FLOOR PLAN



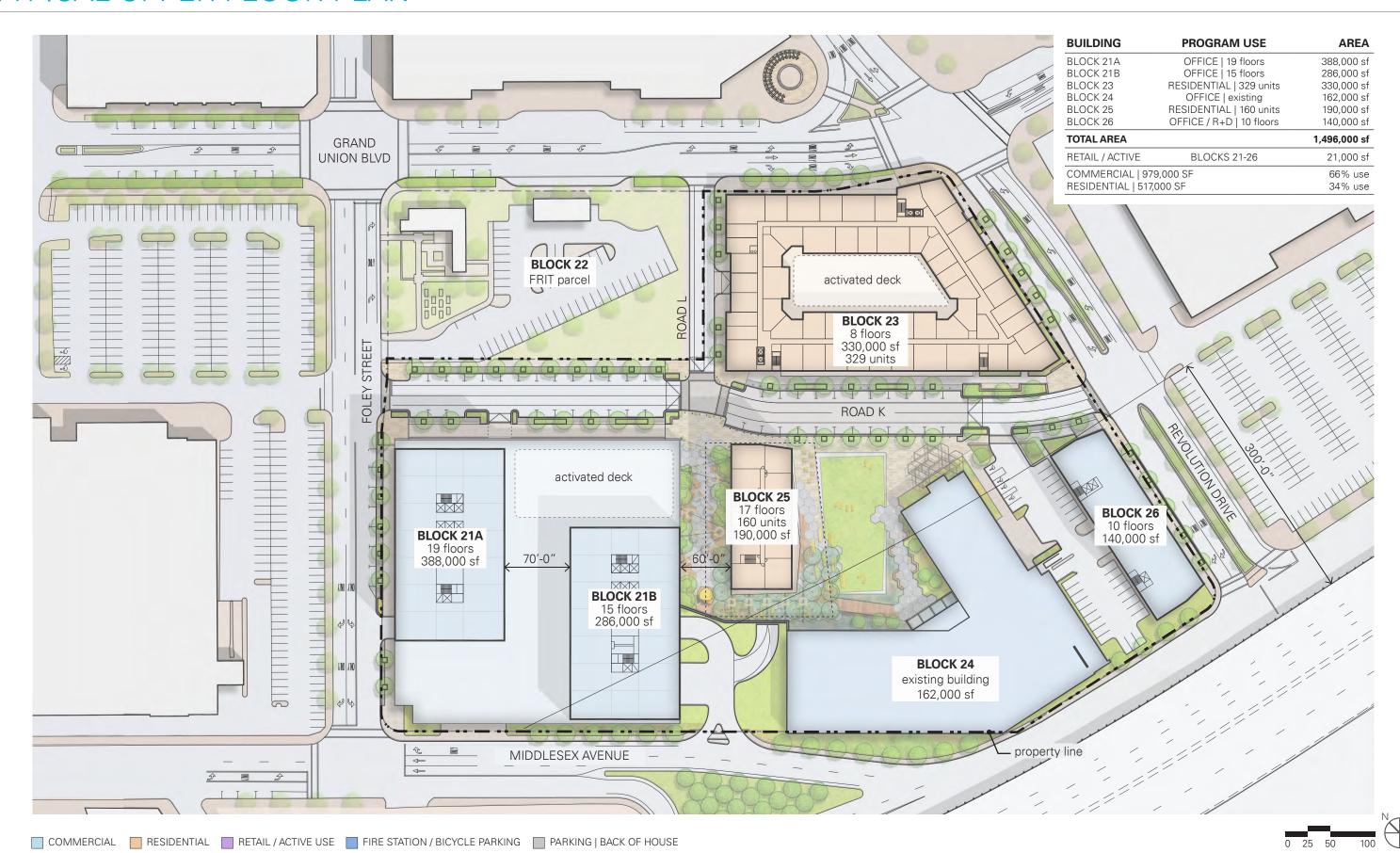








TYPICAL UPPER FLOOR PLAN











AERIAL VIEW







STREETSCAPE | VIEW FROM ROAD K







STREETSCAPE | VIEW FROM CENTRAL OPEN SPACE







STREETSCAPE | VIEW FROM ROAD L









NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER













NEIGHBORHOOD COMPOSITION









CENTRAL OPEN SPACE









CENTRAL OPEN SPACE

PRECEDENT IMAGES































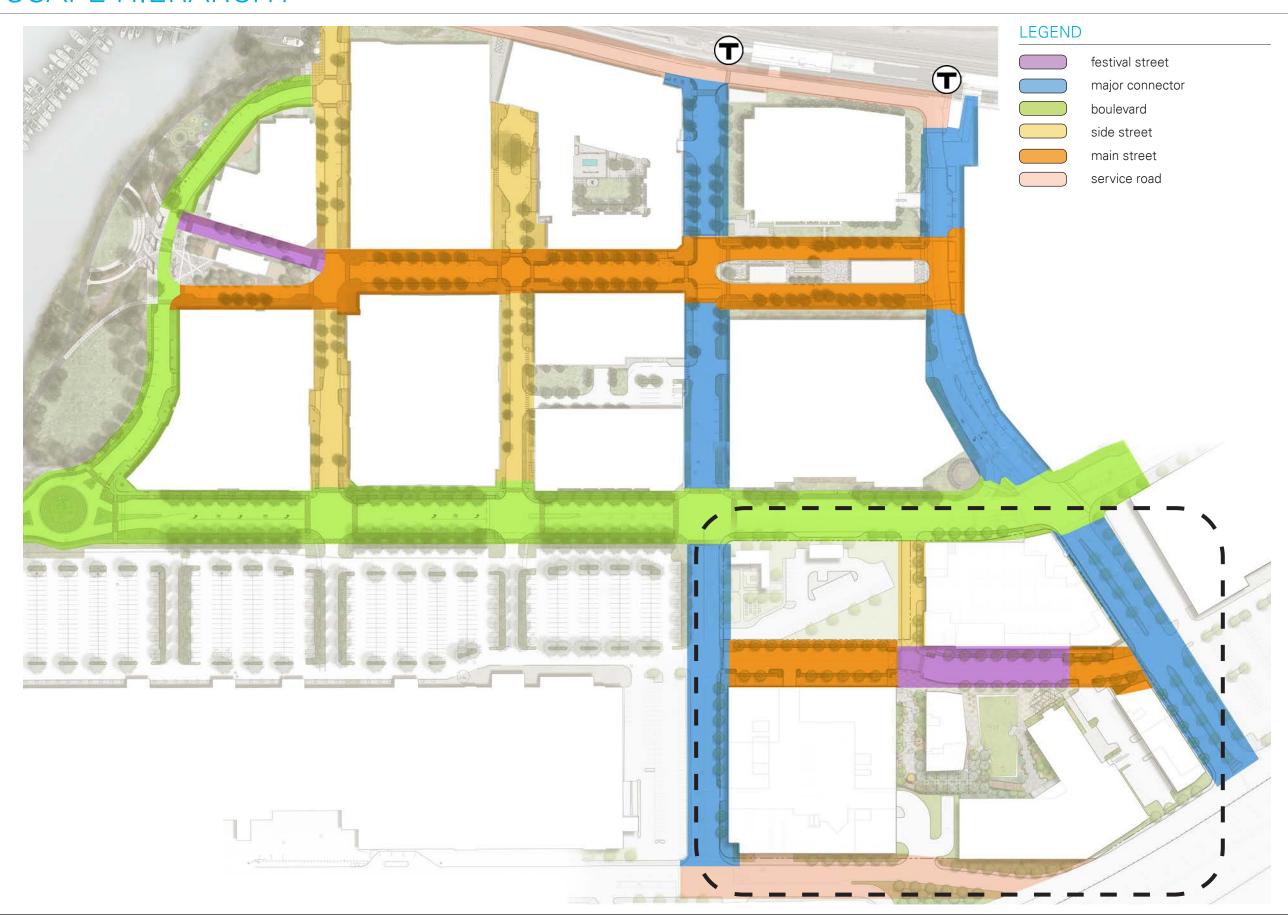








STREETSCAPE HIERARCHY



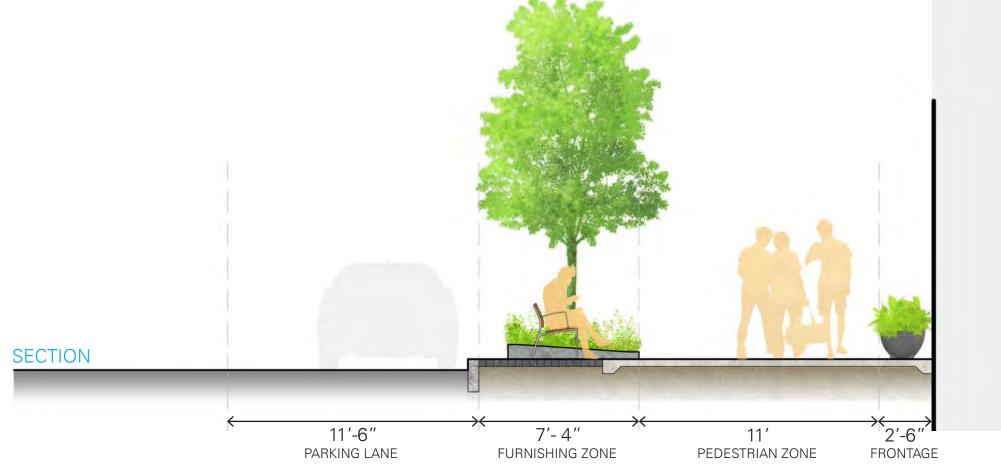


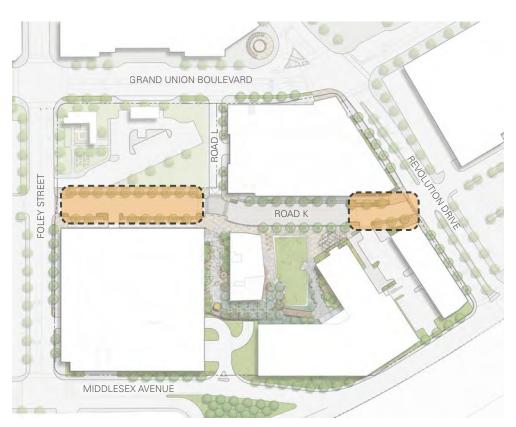






MAIN STREET







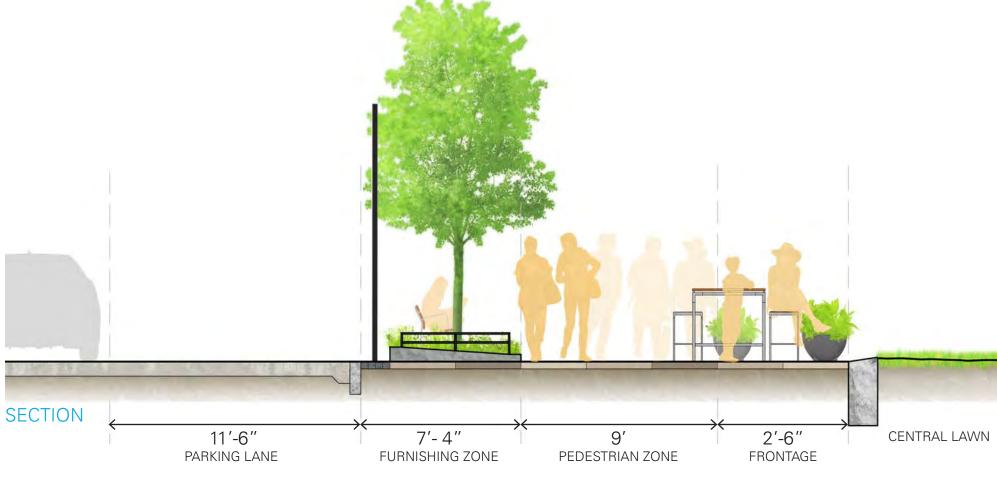


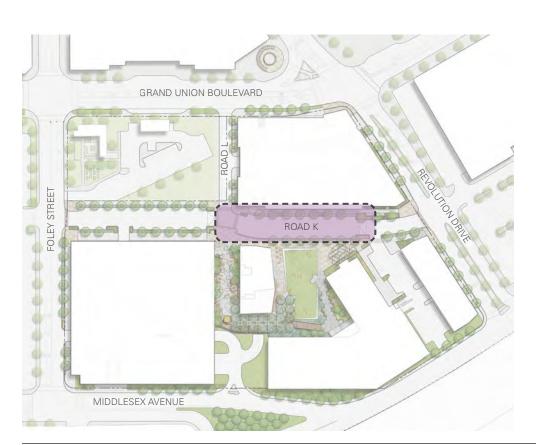




STREETSCAPE TYPOLOGIES

FESTIVAL STREET.





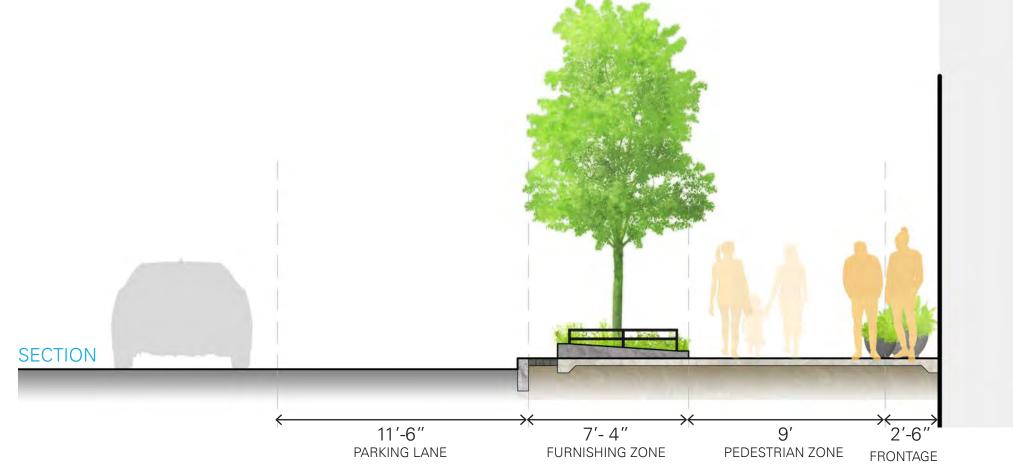


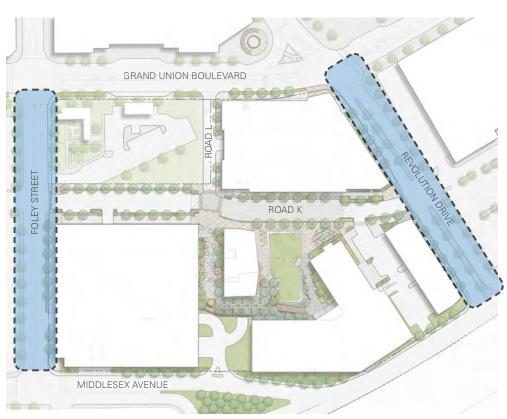






MAJOR CONNECTOR STREET













STREETSCAPE TYPOLOGIES

BUMPOUTS | MAIN STREET AT SIDE STREET

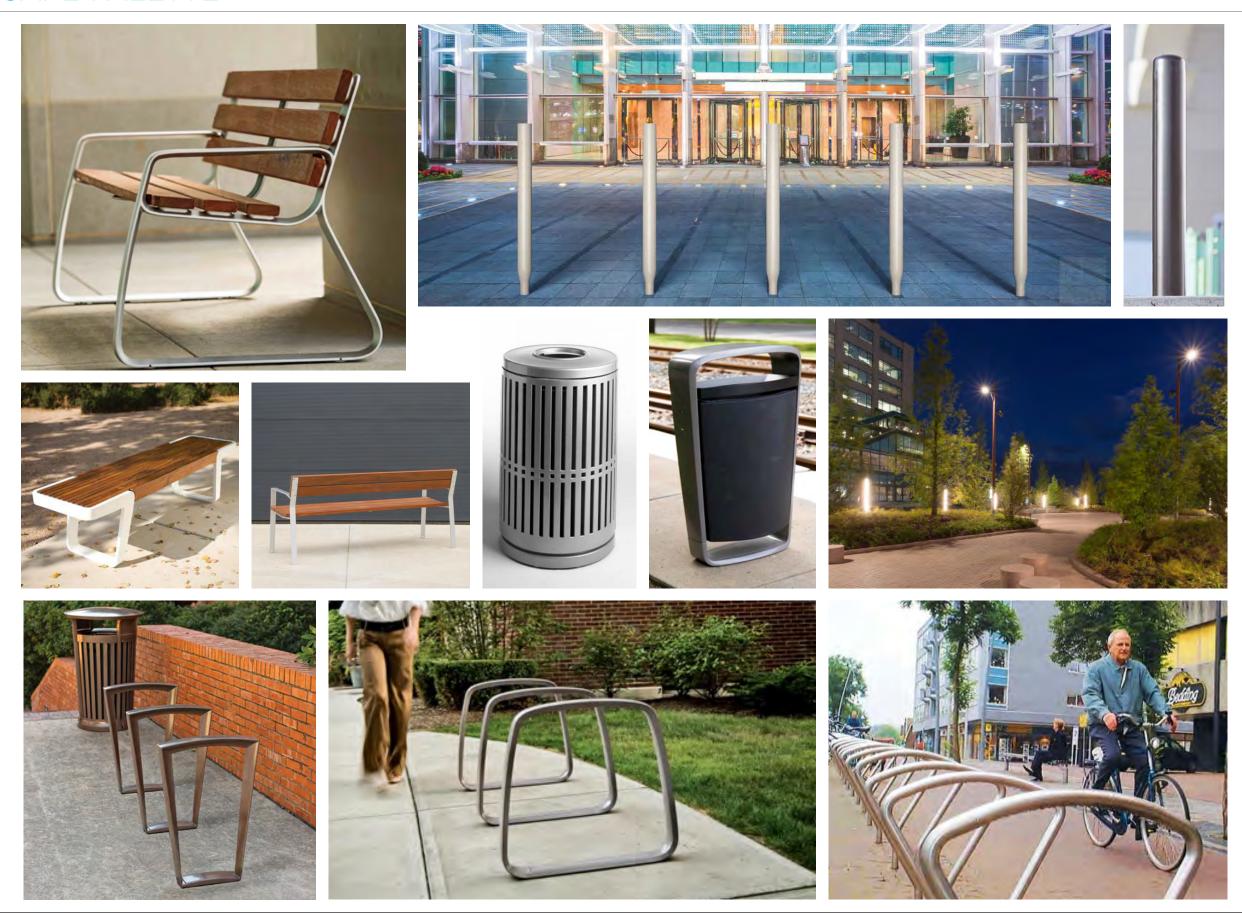
TYPICAL PLAN















STREETSCAPE TREES

INVESTING IN ECOLOGICAL DIVERSITY

The proposed tree list has been developed from the recommendations provided by the City of Somerville's Draft Urban Forestry Management Plan developed by the Davey Resource Group. A variety of tree species would be selected based on size and solar requirements.

LARGETREES

GREATER THAN 50' IN HEIGHT WHEN MATURE	
Fraxinus americana	White Ash
Ginkgo biloba (male)	<u>Ginkgo</u>
Gleditsia triacanthos inermis	Thornless Honeylocust
Gymnocladus dioicus	Kentucky Coffeetree
Metasequoia glyptostroboide	es <u>Dawn Redwood</u>
Nyssa sylvatica	Black Tupelo
Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak
Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak

MEDIUM TREES

26' - 40' IN HEIGHT WHEN MATURE

Acer campestre	<u>Hedge Maple</u>
Aesculus x carnea 'Briotti'	Red Horsechesnut
Carpinus caroliniana	<u>American Hornbeam</u>
Cercidiphyllum japonicum	<u>Katsuratree</u>
Cladrastis kentukea	American Yellowwood
Halesia tetraptera	Carolina Silverbell
Koelreuteria paniculata	<u>Goldenraintree</u>
Ostrya virginiana	American Hophornbeam
Parrotia persica 'Vanessa'	Persian Ironwood
Ulmus parvifolia	Lacebark Elm

SMALL TREES

10' - 25' IN HEIGHT WHEN MATURE

Acer ginnala 'Red Rhapsody'	<u>Amur Maple</u>
Amelanchier spp.	Serviceberry
Cercis canadensis	Eastern Redbud
Cornus kousa	Kousa Dogwood
Crataegus spp.	Hawthorn
Malus spp.	Flowering Crabapple
Syringa reticulata 'Ivory Silk'	Japanese Tree Lilac



































SIGNIFICANT BUILDING CORNERS

To encourage a responsive and architecturally diverse district, significant urban conditions have been identified within the master plan to be acknowledged through design. Among the most important of these urban moments are the site's "corner" conditions, which offer opportunities for gateway elements, visual emphasis and ground level activation.

GATEWAY CORNER COMMO

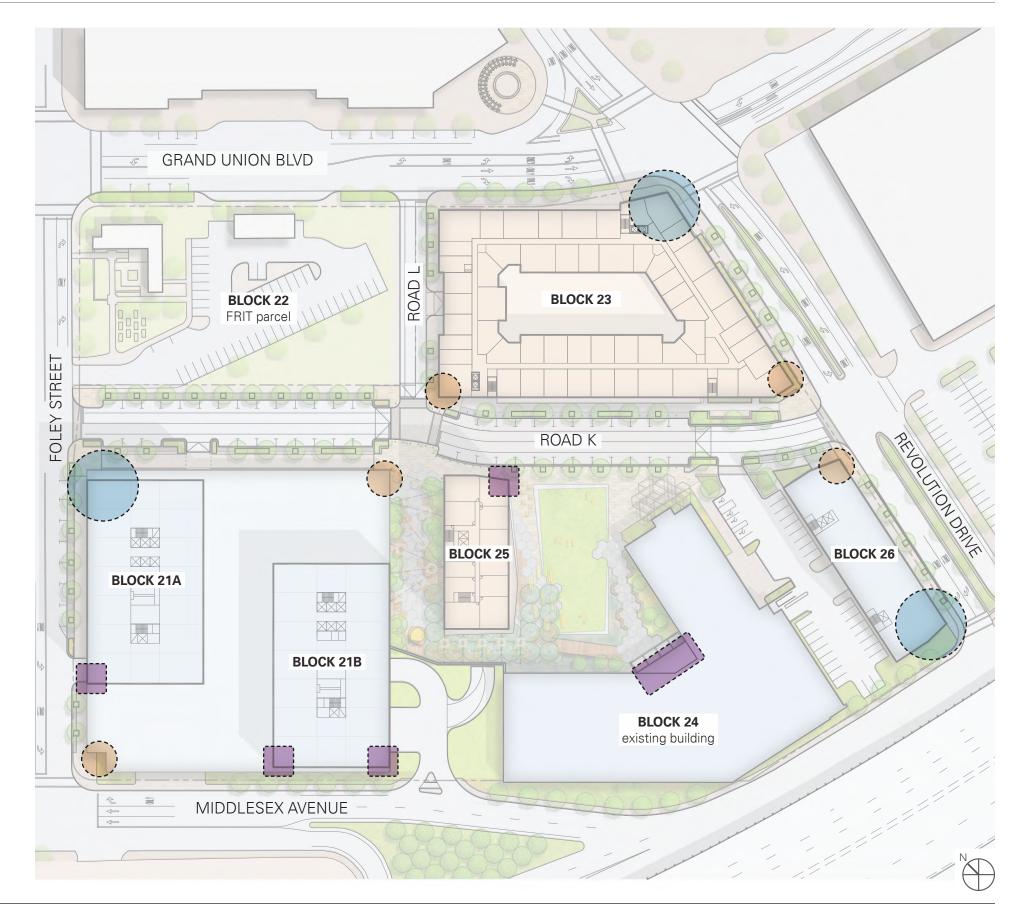
The site's key entry points have been identified as "gateway corners" and are oriented towards major points of pedestrian access. These include the corner of Grand Union Boulevard and Revolution Drive, which welcomes pedestrians to the site from the nearby MBTA Assembly Station, and the corner of Foley Street and Road K, which invites pedestrians into the heart of the proposed master plan. Building massing, façade articulation and distinct architectural treatment are encouraged for these gateway moments to celebrate entry into the site. Orienting building entrances towards these corners and activating the streetscape at these conditions is strongly encouraged.

SECONDARY CORNER CONTROL

Secondary corners also represent critical moments within the proposed master plan. These corner conditions celebrate the relationships at important intersections and are defined in the following locations; the corner of Road K and Revolution Drive, which frames an important entrance into the site; the corner of Road L and Road K, which establishes an important relationship between Blocks 21 and 23; and at the corner of Foley Street and Middlesex Avenue, which serves as a terminus at the site's northern edge. Increased architectural treatment and responsive building massing are recommended for these conditions.

VISUAL FOCAL POINT

Visual focal points are oriented toward corners which offer the opportunity to provide visual markers to those experiencing the site from beyond. The focal points identified at Block 21 offer the opportunity for building signage, iconic architectural elements and increased articulation at the roof of the proposed building intended to be experienced from I-93. The visual focal point at Block 25 is intended to serve as an marker referencing the site's central open space and serving as an iconic backdrop in the heart of the master plan.





















STREETWALLTYPOLOGY | GROUND LEVEL FRONTAGE PLAN

Streetwalls frame the public realm and shape the pedestrian experience, offering the opportunity frame outdoor rooms and to highlight significant edges. These critical moments within the master plan have been organized into types which respond to a hierarchy of urban conditions. This classification of typologies is intended to identify appropriate locations for architectural expression and to illustrate building facades where investment in detail, quality of material and articulation of form should be concentrated. Refer to Somerville Zoning Frontage Types.

STREETWALL TYPE A COMMO

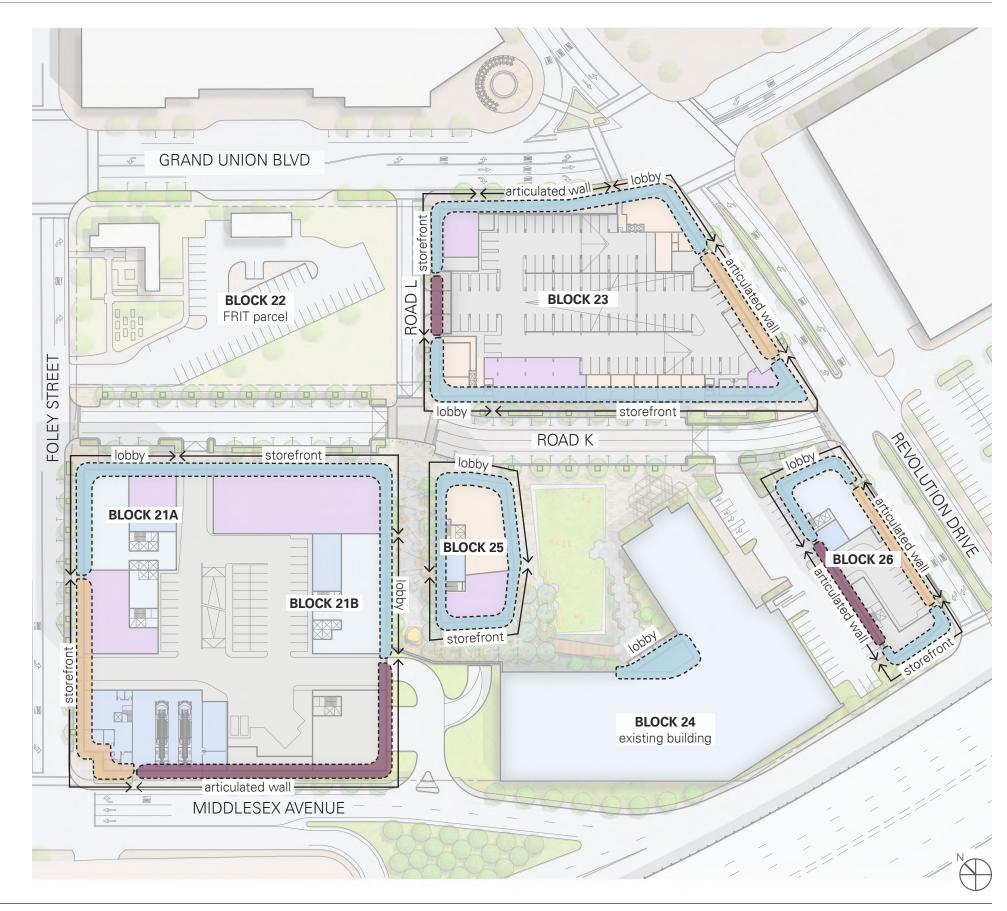
At the ground level, these critical edges are intended to activate the public realm and to frame the site's most important open spaces. These edge conditions are located primarily along Road K and at the site's central open space. These streetwalls are encouraged to provide a high level of transparency to offer visual access to building lobbies, retail and active uses. Façades at these locations are intended to offer a diverse palette of materials, scale and rhythm which strengthen the pedestrian experience and architectural features that support the public realm expression at the ground plane.

STREETWALLTYPE B (IIIII)

Highlighting important, yet less prominent, edges of the site, the façade language at these moments is intended to express rhythm and scale at the ground plane. Organized and rhythmic fenestration and material patterns are encouraged at these areas to contrast the adjacent iconic moments as defined by Streetwall Type A. These conditions occur mostly at sections of the buildings between corners and entry points and define a supportive architectural expression.

STREETWALLTYPE C

The streetwall condition in these locations are intended to be secondary and to be oriented towards areas of less frequent pedestrian access. Located primarily along Mystic and Middlesex Avenues, these façades are intended to be deemphasized and to play a secondary role to the more prominent streetwall types.















STREETWALLTYPOLOGY | UPPER LEVEL

Above the ground plane, streetwalls respond to the greater urban scale and establish an architectural dialogue between buildings. Architectural forms, material definition and façade articulation allow these critical edges to highlight, compliment or defer to areas of significance within the master plan. The typologies referenced below are intended to illustrate the hierarchy of streetwalls tasked to respond to varying urban conditions.

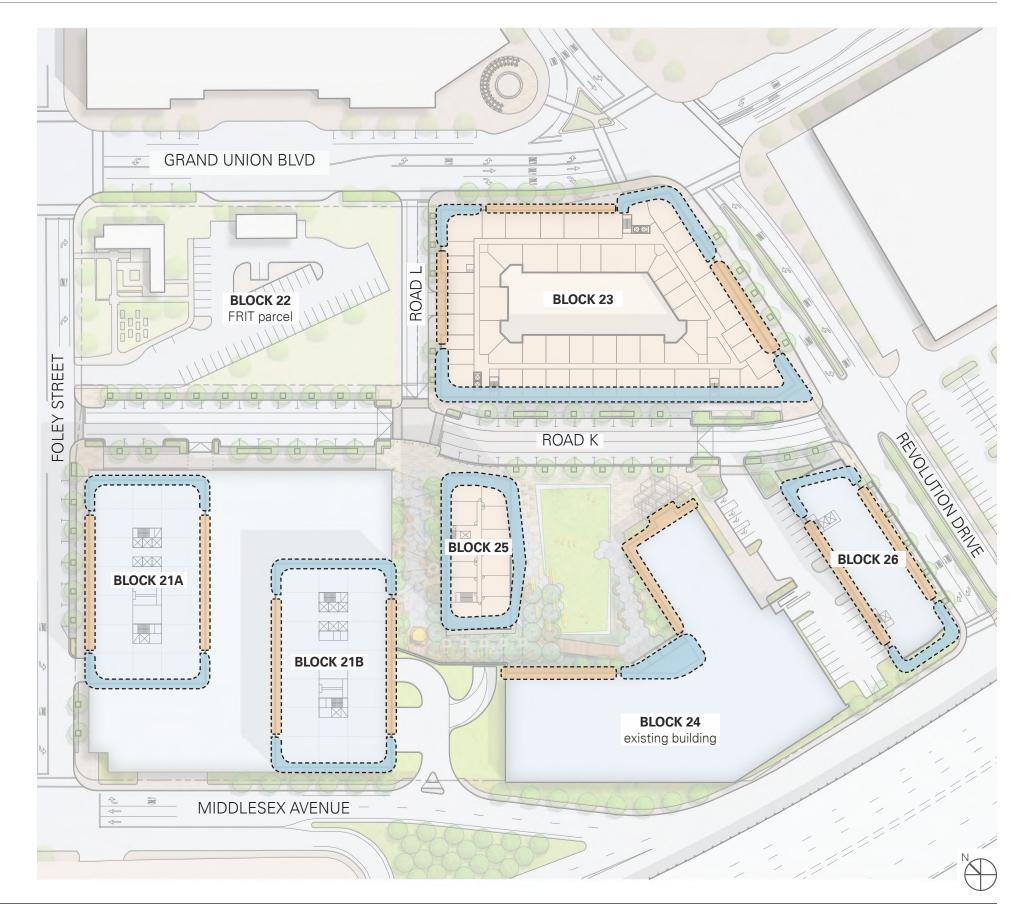
STREETWALL TYPE A COMMO

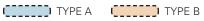
At the upper levels, these significant building façades are meant to highlight prominent corners and building faces through a strong emphasis on architectural form, material quality and design expression. These streetwalls are primarily oriented towards Road K and the central open space to serve as a backdrop to the site's most activated areas. These façades are also oriented towards the outer corners of the master plan, offering visual cues to the site's gateway moments at the larger urban scale.

STREETWALLTYPE B COUNTY

These important, yet less significant, streetwalls are meant to compliment and support the more prominent façade language offered by Streetwall Type A. Calmer fenestration patterns and organized material expression are intended to contrast the iconic language used to highlight the site's significant edges and corners. At the upper levels, these streetwalls are primarily located between building corners along Foley Street, Grand Union Boulevard and Revolution Drive.

Note: Parking Level Streetwalls to be an open-air ventilated system.













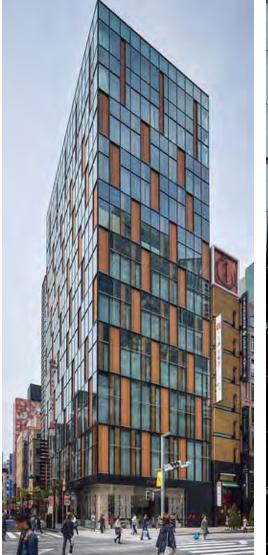
ARCHITECTURAL EXPRESSION | COMMERCIAL















ARCHITECTURAL EXPRESSION | RESIDENTIAL

















ARCHITECTURAL EXPRESSION | RETAIL / ACTIVE USE















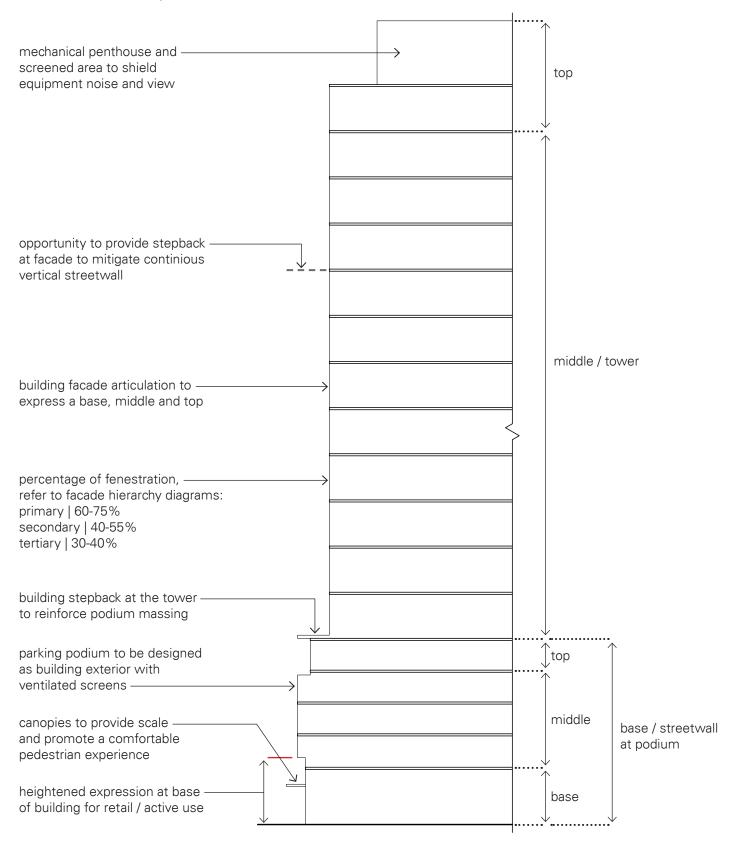


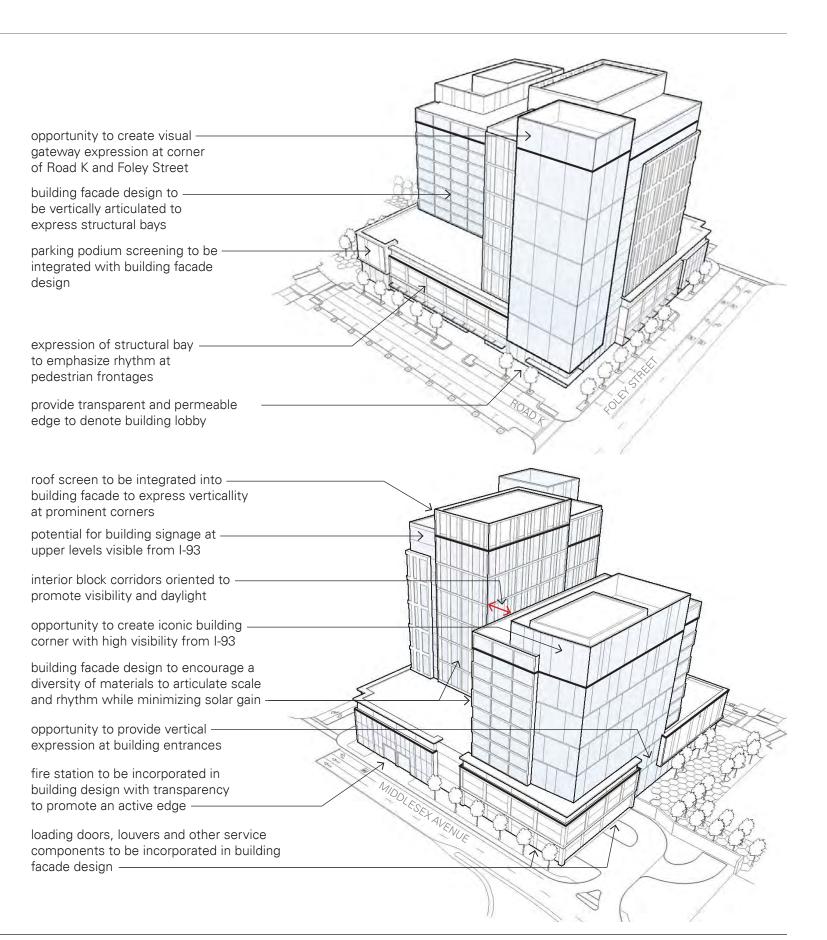




BLOCK 21 | CONCEPTUAL GUIDELINES

BUILDING PROGRAM | OFFICE / RESEARCH / LAB BUILDING TYPE | PODIUM TOWER







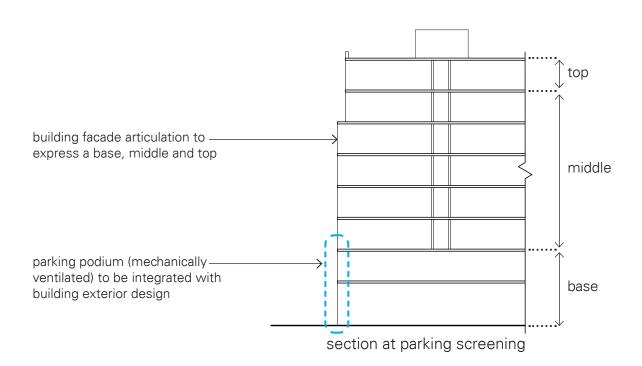


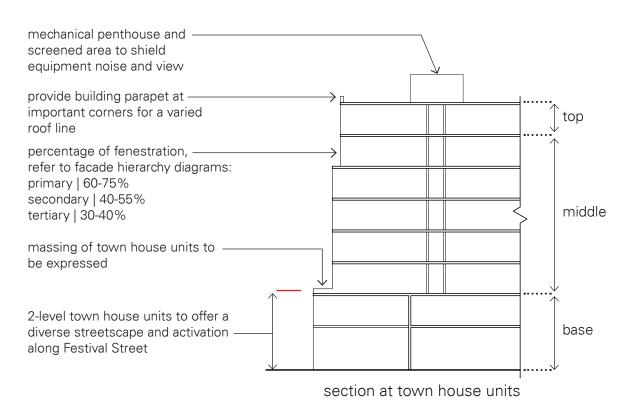




BLOCK 23 | CONCEPTUAL GUIDELINES

BUILDING PROGRAM | RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TYPE | BLOCK BUILDING





building facade design to be vertically articulated to express unit typology building facade design to encourage a diversity of materials to articulate scale and rhythm while minimizing solar gain provide ground floor transparency

loading doors, louvers and other service components to be incorporated in building facade design

provide transparent and permeable edge to denote building lobby

at activated building corners

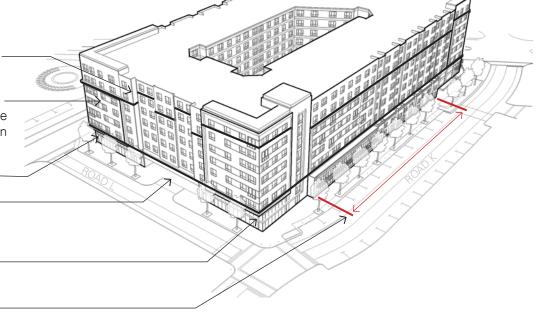
building massing at lower level town house / active use to be expressed and to align with open space

building facade to continue vertically to create a varied roof line at significant corners

opportunity to create visual gateway expression at corner of Road K and Revolution Drive

articulate massing at building corner to establish entry as a gateway for pedestrians arriving from the Assembly Row Orange Line

provide transparent and permeable edge to denote building lobby





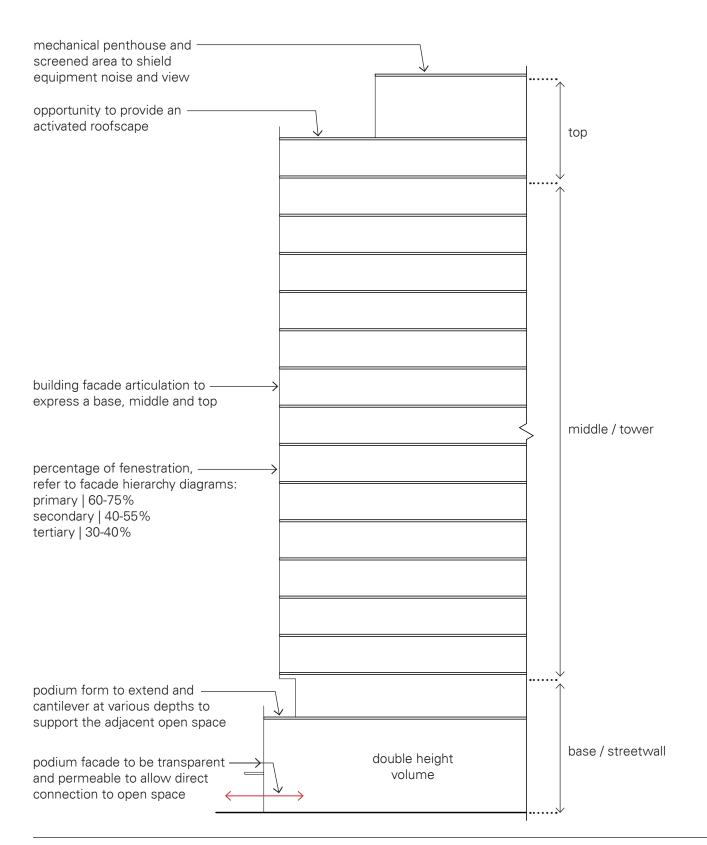


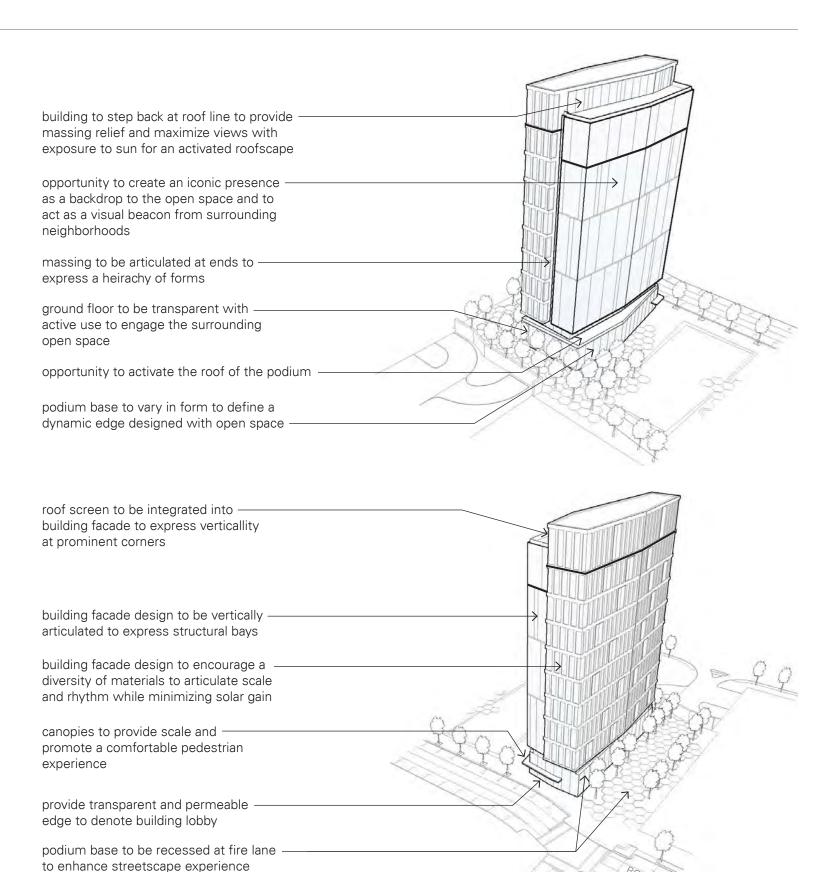




BLOCK 25 | CONCEPTUAL GUIDELINES

BUILDING PROGRAM | RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TYPE | PODIUM TOWER







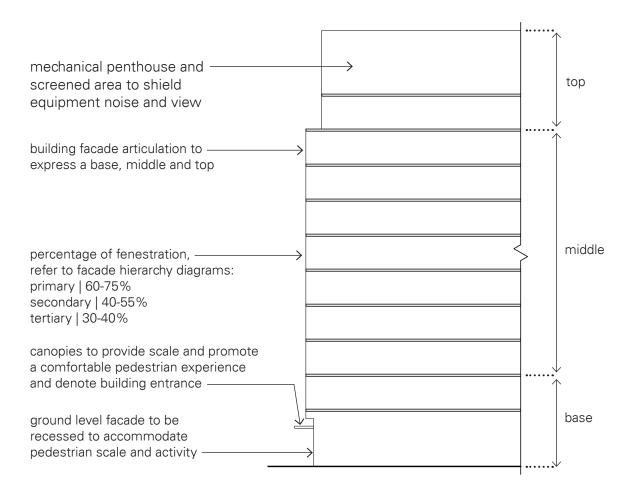


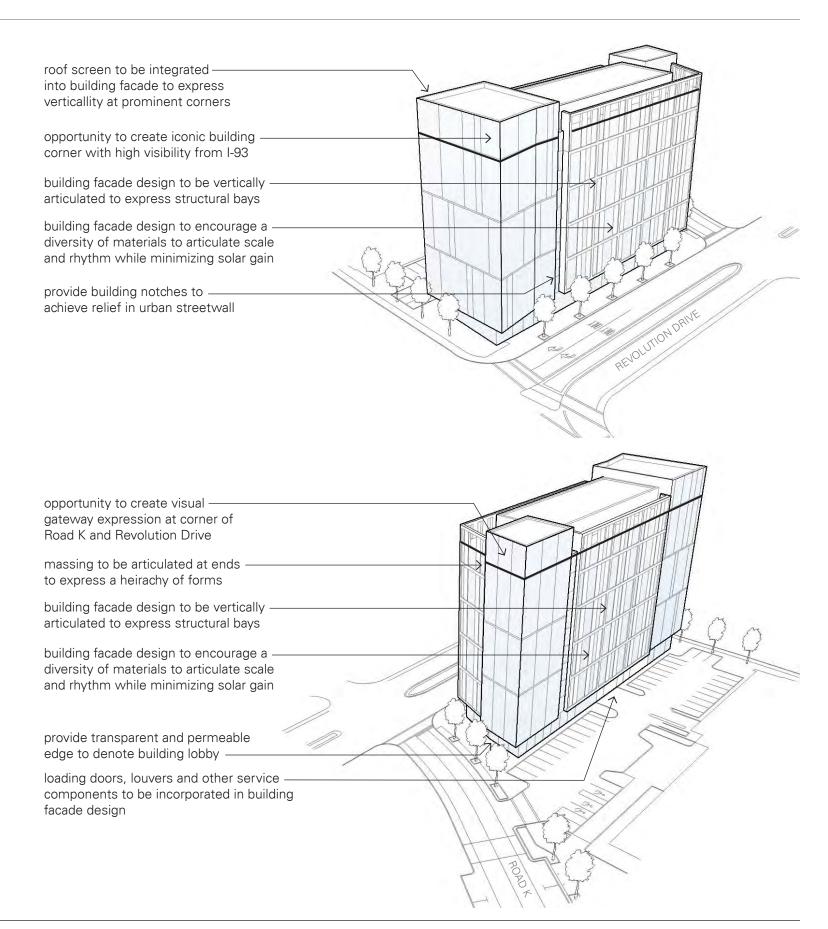




BLOCK 26 | CONCEPTUAL GUIDELINES

BUILDING PROGRAM | COMMERCIAL / R+D / HOTEL BUILDING TYPE | COMMERCIAL BUILDING











AERIAL VIEW







